

**PATENT COOPERATION TREATY**  
**Amendment Under Article 34**

26. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 1 wherein said providing step includes the steps of;

extracting noise at frequencies below a specified frequency from said received noise spectra to provide an extracted noise spectra;

filtering said extracted noise spectra through a low pass filter to obtain infrasound at frequencies below a predetermined infrasound frequency; and

comparing magnitudes of said infrasound at frequencies below said predetermined infrasound frequency to a preselected magnitude.

27. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 26 wherein said preselected magnitude is that of a preselected wind velocity.

28. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 26 further including the steps of:

selecting a signal in said extracted noise spectra, thereby providing a selected signal;

comparing said selected signal to a second predetermined threshold; and

deactivating said low pass filter when said signal exceeds said second predetermined threshold.

29. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 26 wherein said providing step further includes the step of positioning sound sensors in a plurality of parallel rows positioned perpendicular to and centered on a foot print of an aircraft arrival glide slope.

30. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 29 wherein each row contains at least 3 sensors.

**31. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 1 wherein said providing step includes the steps:**

**obtaining infrasound below a predetermined infrasound frequency, thereby providing extracted infrasound; and**  
**detecting magnitudes of said extracted infrasound.**

**32. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 31 wherein said obtaining step includes the steps of:**

**extracting noise at frequencies below a specified frequency from said received noise spectra to provide an extracted noise spectra; and**  
**filtering said extracted noise spectra to obtain said extracted infrasound.**

**33. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 31 wherein said providing step includes the step of positioning a noise sensor and said determining step includes the steps of:**

**delaying extracted infrasound for a predetermined time interval, thereby providing delayed extracted infrasound;**

**predicting a time of arrival at said noise sensor of an atmospheric disturbance causing a presently extracted infrasound with the utilization of said delayed extracted infrasound and said presently extracted infrasound.**

**34. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 33 wherein said predicting step includes the steps of:**

**determining magnitudes of said delayed extracted infrasound and said presently extracted infrasound;**

**establishing a ratio of said magnitudes;**

**providing a square root of said ratio; and**

**utilizing said square root, said time delay, and velocity of said infrasound to predict said time of arrival.**

35. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 33 further including the steps of:

producing a signal when magnitudes of said extracted infrasound exceed said infrasound threshold for a predetermined time interval;

coupling said signal to a gate to which said time of arrival is also coupled; and

supplying said time of arrival through said gate when said signal is received.

36. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 32 wherein said filtering step provides infrasound signals at frequencies below a preselected infrasound frequency and said determining step includes the steps of:

finding a bandwidth of said infrasound signals having amplitudes greater than a preselected amplitude;

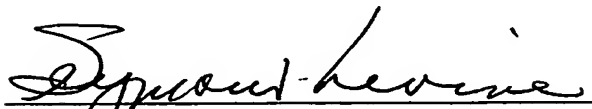
calculating a mean frequency and rms amplitude for signals within said bandwidth;

comparing said bandwidth, said mean frequency, and said rms amplitude to respective predetermined thresholds; and

providing an alarm when said respective thresholds are simultaneously exceeded over a specified time interval.

All of the claims now in this application are given on the attached replacement pages, wherein claims 1 and 6 contain the amendments described above.

Respectfully submitted,



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I claim:

1 1. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances including the steps of:  
2 providing infrasound frequency magnitudes of received noise spectra;  
3 comparing said infrasound frequency magnitudes to an infrasound threshold;  
4 and  
5 determining existence of said atmospheric disturbances with the utilization of  
6 infrasound frequency magnitudes that exceed said threshold.

1 2. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 1  
2 wherein said providing step includes the steps of;  
3 extracting noise at frequencies below a specified frequency from said received  
4 noise spectra to provide an extracted noise spectra;  
5 filtering said extracted noise spectra to obtain infrasound at frequencies below  
6 a predetermined infrasound frequency; and  
7 detecting magnitudes of infrasound frequencies below said predetermined  
8 infrasound frequency.

1 3. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 2  
2 wherein said extracting step includes the step of activating said filtering step when  
3 magnitudes of said extracted noise spectra exceed a preselected threshold.

1       4.     A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 3  
2 wherein said comparing step includes the steps of:  
3           coupling infrasound obtained in said filtering step to an atmospheric disturbance  
4 detector and to a threshold computer;  
5           computing a threshold in said threshold computer by averaging magnitudes of  
6 infrasound received prior to reception of infrasound generated by an atmospheric  
7 disturbance;  
8           coupling said computed threshold to said atmospheric disturbance detector; and  
9           establishing an existence of an atmospheric disturbance when infrasound  
10 coupled to said atmospheric detector exceeds said computed threshold.

1       5.     A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 4  
2 wherein said detecting step includes the step of establishing an existence of an  
3 atmospheric disturbance when infrasound coupled to said atmospheric disturbance  
4 detector exceeds said computed threshold.

1       6.     A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 5  
2 wherein said providing step further includes the step of positioning sound sensors in  
3 a manner to sense sound from a noise generating source and providing infrasound  
4 magnitudes respectively associated with said sensors.

1       7.     A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 6  
2 wherein said sound sensors are positioned in a row perpendicular to a foot print of a  
3 glide slope of an approaching aircraft with predetermined spacings therebetween.

1       8.     A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 7  
2 wherein said row of sound sensors is placed at a runway middle marker.

1 9. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 7  
2 further including the step of comparing extracted noise of a preselected sound sensor  
3 in said row of sound sensors to said preselected threshold.

1 10. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 6  
2 wherein said positioning step includes the step of locating parallel rows of sound  
3 sensors, each containing a multiplicity of said sound sensors, between runways at an  
4 airport.

1 11. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 6  
2 wherein said positioning step includes the step of locating a column of said sound  
3 sensors, with predetermined spacings therebetween, along a center line of an airport  
4 runway, a first sound sensor of said column being placed at a predetermined location.  
5

6 12. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 11  
7 wherein said extracted noise is obtained from noise spectra received by at least one  
8 sound sensor including said first.

1 13. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 12  
2 wherein said filtering step and said detecting step are performed in sound sensors  
3 subsequent to said at least one sound sensor, said filtering step being activated by said  
4 extracted noise obtained from noise spectra received at said least one sound sensor. 14.

5 A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances including the steps of:

6 sensing atmospheric noise to obtain noise signals;

7 filtering said noise signals to eliminate signals at frequencies above a  
8 predetermined frequency and providing signals at frequencies within a band of  
9 frequencies below said predetermined frequency;

10 comparing amplitudes of signals at frequencies in said band below said  
11 predetermined frequency to a first preselected threshold;

12 determining a representative amplitude and representative frequency for signals  
13 at frequencies in said band below said predetermined frequency that have amplitudes  
14 which exceed said first preselected threshold;

15 comparing said representative frequency to a predetermined frequency  
16 threshold;

17 comparing said representative amplitude to a second preselected threshold when  
18 said representative frequency exceeds said predetermined frequency threshold ; and

19 indicating when said representative amplitude exceeds said second preselected  
20 threshold.

1 15. The method of claim 14 wherein said filtering step includes the step of placing  
2 signals having frequencies within said band of frequencies in frequency bins and  
3 determining amplitudes and phases of signals in each bin.

1 16. The method of claim 15 wherein said amplitude comparing step includes the  
2 step of comparing said amplitudes of signals in each of said frequency bins to said first  
3 preselected threshold.



1     **17. The method of claim 14 wherein:**

2     **said sensing step includes the step of**

3         **providing first and second sensors to obtain first and second noise signals,**  
4     **respectively;**

5     **said filtering step includes the steps of**

6         **establishing a first band of signals having frequencies below said predetermined**  
7     **frequency in said first noise signal and a second band of signals having frequencies**  
8     **below said predetermined frequency in said second noise signal; and**

9         **utilizing said first and second bands of signals to estimate an angle off a**  
10    **reference of said atmospheric disturbance and to estimate a range to said atmospheric**  
11    **disturbance.**

1     **18. The method of claim 17 wherein said utilizing step includes the steps of:**

2         **computing electrical phase differences between signals in said first band and**  
3     **signals in said second band; and**

4         **converting said electrical phase differences to said angle off said reference.**

1     **19. The method of claim 18 wherein said computing step computes phase**  
2     **differences between signals in said first band and signals in said second having equal**  
3     **frequencies.**

1     **20. The method of claim 17 wherein said establishing step includes the steps of:**

2         **placing signals having frequencies within said first band into first frequency**  
3     **bins and determining phases and amplitudes of signals in each of said first frequency**  
4     **bins;**

5         **placing signals having frequencies within said second band into second**  
6     **frequency bins and determining phases and amplitudes of signals in each of said**  
7     **second frequency bins.**

1     21.     The method of claim 20 further including the steps of:

2             determining phase differences between signals in bins of said first band and  
3 signals in corresponding bins of said second band, a bin in said first band and a  
4 corresponding bin in said second band comprising a bin set, thereby obtaining a bin  
5 set phase difference for each of said bin sets; and

6             utilizing said bin set phase differences to estimate an angle of said atmospheric  
7 disturbance from a reference direction.

1     22.     The method of claim 21 wherein said utilizing step includes the steps of:

2             averaging signal amplitudes in bins of said first band with signal amplitudes in  
3 corresponding bins of said second band, to obtain a bin set average amplitude for each  
4 set of corresponding bins;

5             multiplying bin set average amplitudes by said bin set phase differences,  
6 respectively, to obtain set products of bin phase multiplied by bin average amplitude;

7             summing said set products over all bin sets, to obtain a sum of set products;

8             summing said set average amplitudes over all bin sets to obtain a sum of set  
9 average amplitudes; and

10            dividing said sum of set products by said sum of average amplitudes to obtain  
11 said estimate of said angle.

1 23. The method of claim 20 wherein said comparing amplitudes step includes the  
2 step of

3 comparing amplitudes of signals in said first band and amplitudes of signals in  
4 said second band to said first preselected threshold and removing signals from bins,  
5 in said first and second bands, with amplitudes that do not exceed said first preselected  
6 threshold; and further including the steps of:

7 combining amplitudes of signals in said first and second bands that exceed said  
8 first preselected threshold at a first location, to obtain a first combined amplitude  
9 signal and combining amplitudes of signals in said first and second bands that exceed  
10 said first preselected threshold at a second location, to obtain a second combined  
11 amplitude signal; using said first and second combined amplitude signals to estimate  
12 range to said atmospheric disturbance.

1 24. The method of claim 23 wherein said combining includes the steps of:

2 computing rms sum of signal amplitudes at said first location in said first and  
3 second frequency bins to obtain rms sum signals  $A_1$  and  $B_1$ , respectively; and

4 computing rms sum of signal amplitudes at said second location in said first  
5 and second frequency bins to obtain rms sum signals  $A_2$  and  $B_2$ , respectively.

1 25. The method of claim 24 wherein said using step includes the steps of:

2 averaging  $A_1$  and  $B_1$  to obtain an average signal  $S_1$ , and averaging  $A_2$  and  $B_2$  to  
3 obtain an average signal  $S_2$ ;

4 forming a ratio  $r = S_1/S_2$ ;

5 noting a difference in position of said first location and said second location,  
6 said difference in position being  $X\cos\theta$ , where  $X$  is a distance from said first location  
7 to said second location and  $\theta$  is said angle off said reference; and

8 estimating range  $R$  to said atmospheric disturbance from  $R = X\cos\theta/(r - 1)$ .

1 26. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 1  
2 wherein said providing step includes the steps of;  
3 extracting noise at frequencies below a specified frequency from said received  
4 noise spectra to provide an extracted noise spectra;  
5 filtering said extracted noise spectra through a low pass filter to obtain  
6 infrasound at frequencies below a predetermined infrasound frequency; and  
7 comparing magnitudes of said infrasound at frequencies below said  
8 predetermined infrasound frequency to a preselected magnitude.

1 27. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 26  
2 wherein said preselected magnitude is that of a preselected wind velocity.

1 28. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 26  
2 further including the steps of:  
3 selecting a signal in said extracted noise spectra, thereby providing a selected  
4 signal;  
5 comparing said selected signal to a second predetermined threshold; and  
6 deactivating said low pass filter when said signal exceeds said second  
7 predetermined threshold.

1 29. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 26  
2 wherein said providing step further includes the step of positioning sound sensors in  
3 a plurality of parallel rows positioned perpendicular to and centered on a foot print of  
4 an aircraft arrival glide slope.

1 30. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 29  
2 wherein each row contains at least 3 sensors.

1     **31. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 1**  
2     **wherein said providing step includes the steps:**  
3         **obtaining infrasound below a predetermined infrasound frequency, thereby**  
4     **providing extracted infrasound; and**  
5         **detecting magnitudes of said extracted infrasound.**

1     **32. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 31**  
2     **wherein said obtaining step includes the steps of:**  
3         **extracting noise at frequencies below a specified frequency from said received**  
4     **noise spectra to provide an extracted noise spectra; and**  
5         **filtering said extracted noise spectra to obtain said extracted infrasound.**

1     **33. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 31**  
2     **wherein said providing step includes the step of positioning a noise sensor and said**  
3     **determining step includes the steps of:**  
4         **delaying extracted infrasound for a predetermined time interval, thereby**  
5     **providing delayed extracted infrasound;**  
6         **predicting a time of arrival at said noise sensor of an atmospheric disturbance**  
7     **causing a presently extracted infrasound with the utilization of said delayed extracted**  
8     **infrasound and said presently extracted infrasound.**

1     **34. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 33**  
2     **wherein said predicting step includes the steps of:**  
3         **determining magnitudes of said delayed extracted infrasound and said presently**  
4     **extracted infrasound;**  
5         **establishing a ratio of said magnitudes;**  
6         **providing a square root of said ratio; and**  
7         **utilizing said square root, said time delay, and velocity of said infrasound to**  
8     **predict said time of arrival.**

1 35. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 33  
2 further including the steps of:

3 producing a signal when magnitudes of said extracted infrasound exceed said  
4 infrasound threshold for a predetermined time interval;

5 coupling said signal to a gate to which said time of arrival is also coupled; and

6 supplying said time of arrival through said gate when said signal is received.

1 36. A method for detecting atmospheric disturbances in accordance with claim 32  
2 wherein said filtering step provides infrasound signals at frequencies below a  
3 preselected infrasound frequency and said determining step includes the steps of:

4 finding a bandwidth of said infrasound signals having amplitudes greater than  
5 a preselected amplitude;

6 calculating a mean frequency and rms amplitude for signals within said  
7 bandwidth;

8 comparing said bandwidth, said mean frequency, and said rms amplitude to  
9 respective predetermined thresholds; and

10 providing an alarm when said respective thresholds are simultaneously exceeded  
11 over a specified time interval.